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1.	Course	Nama
1.	Course	I Naiiic

Pharmacology II

2. Course Code

436 ACIPh2

3. Semester / Year

First Semester / Fourth Stage

4. Description Preparation Date:

9-2025

5. Attendance

On campus

6. Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)

3 hours theory+2 hours practical (75) / 4 units

7. Course administrator's name (if more than one name)

Theory:

Name: Assistant Professor Mohammed Abdulmutalib

Email: mohamed.abdulmutalib@bcms.edu.iq

Practical:

Name: Assistant Lecturer Muhee Nima

Email: muhee.nimma.salman@bcms.edu.iq

8. Course Objectives

Course

Objectives

Introducing pharmacy students to the general pharmacology of the central nervous system and the different groups of drugs used in the treatment of diseases of the central nervous system or drugs that alter its function. The student will be introduced to the different drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular diseases. Furthermore, the course will cover medications that affect the digestive and respiratory systems.

9. Teaching and Learning Strategies

Strategy

Types of teaching methods include lecture-based teaching, group and individual learning, and interactive/participatory methods using point solutions devices.

10. Course Structure





Weeks	Hours	Required Learning	Unit or Subject	Learning method	Evaluation method
		Outcomes	Name		
1	3	Introducing pharmacy	Introduction to	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the general	central nervous	teaching, group	using the point
		pharmacology of the	system	learning, individual	,
			,	O	
		central nervous system	pharmacology.	learning and	reports on practical
		and the different groups		interactive/particip	experiences.
		of drugs used in the		atory methods	
		treatment of diseases of		using point solution	
		the central nervous		devices.	
		system or drugs that alter			
		its function.			
2	3	Introducing pharmacy	CNS stimulants.	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different		teaching, group	using points
		drug groups used as		learning, individual	solutions device and
		stimulants for the central		learning and	reports on practical
		nervous system.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
	_				
3	3	Introducing pharmacy	Anxiolytic and	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	hypnotic drugs.	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used as		learning, individual	solution device and
		anxiolytic and hypnotic		learning and	reports on practical
		drugs.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	





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4	3	Introducing pharmacy	General and	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	local anesthetic.	teaching, group	using the point
		drug groups used for		learning, individual	solution device and
		general and local		learning and	reports on practical
		anesthesia.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
5	2	Introduce pharmacy	Antidepressant	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	medications.	teaching, group	using points
		groups of drugs used as		learning, individual	solutions device and
		antidepressants.		learning and	reports on practical
				interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
5	1	Introduce pharmacy	Antipsychotic	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	medications	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used as	(antipsychotics).	learning, individual	solution device and
		antipsychotic drugs.		learning and	reports on practical
				interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
6	3	Introducing pharmacy	Analgesics and	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	opioid	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used as	antagonists.	learning, individual	solution device and
		analgesics and opioids.		learning and	





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				interactive/particip	reports on practical
				atory methods	experiences.
				using point solution	
				devices.	
7	3	Introducing pharmacy	Treatment of	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	neurodegenerat	teaching, group	using points
		groups of drugs used in	ive diseases.	learning, individual	solutions device and
		the treatment of		learning and	reports on practical
		neurological diseases.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
8	2	Introducing pharmacy	Antiepileptic	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	drugs.	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used as		learning, individual	solution device and
		anti-epileptic drugs.		learning and	reports on practical
				interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
8	1	Introducing pharmacy	Diuretics.	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different		teaching, group	using the point
		drug groups used as		learning, individual	solution device and
		diuretics.		learning and	reports on practical
				interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	





10	3	Introducing pharmacy	Treatment of	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	heart failure	teaching, group	using points
		groups of drugs used in	(HF).	learning, individual	solutions device and
		the treatment of heart		learning and	reports on practical
		failure.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
11	3	Introducing pharmacy	Antiarrhythmic	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	drugs.	teaching, group	using the point
		drug groups used as anti-		learning, individual	solution device and
		arrhythmic drugs.		learning and	reports on practical
				interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
12	3	Introducing pharmacy	Antihypertensiv	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	e drugs.	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used in		learning, individual	solution device and
		the treatment of heart		learning and	reports on practical
		failure.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
13	1	Introducing pharmacy	Antianginal	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	drugs.	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used as		learning, individual	solution device and
		antianginal drugs.		learning and	
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				interactive/particip	reports on practical
				atory methods	experiences.
				using point solution	
				devices.	
14	2	Introducing pharmacy	Drugs that affect	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	the blood.	teaching, group	using the point
		drug groups that affect		learning, individual	solution device and
		the blood.		learning and	reports on practical
				interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	
15	2	Introducing pharmacy	Lipid-lowering	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	drugs.	teaching, group	using the point
		groups of drugs used as		learning, individual	solution device and
		anti-hyperlipidemic		learning and	reports on practical
		drugs.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	·
				using point solution	
				devices.	
16	1	Introducing pharmacy	Gastrointestinal	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	drugs and	teaching, group	using points
		drug groups used in	antiemetics.	learning, individual	solutions device and
		gastrointestinal drugs and		learning and	reports on practical
		antiemetics.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	





17	3	Introducing pharmacy	Drugs that act	Lecture-based	Exams and tests
		students to the different	on the	teaching, group	using the point
		drug groups used in the	respiratory	learning, individual	solution device and
		treatment of respiratory	system.	learning and	reports on practical
		diseases.		interactive/particip	experiences.
				atory methods	
				using point solution	
				devices.	

11. Course Evaluation

 $15\,marks$ depending on the Med Term exam score

5 Marks Daily preparation and Daily exams

20 marks Practical Laboratory

12. Learning and Teaching Resources	
Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	Pharmacology Lippincott Latest Edition
Main references (sources)	Pharmacology by rang latest edition
Recommended books and references (scientific	British Pharmacopoeia
journals, reports)	Pharmacopoeia in the United States
	European Pharmacopoeia
Electronic References, Websites	Internet and PowerPoint





1. Course Nar	1. Course Name					
Organic Pharm	Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry II					
2. Course Coo	2. Course Code					
437 ChPOp2	437 ChPOp2					
3. Semester /	Year					
First Semester /	Fourth Stage					
4. Description	n Preparation Date:					
9-2025						
5. Available A	attendance Forms					
On campus						
6. Number of	6. Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)					
3 hours theoret	ical + 2 hours practical (75) / 4 units					
7. Course adn	ninistrator's name (if more than one name)					
Theory + Pract	ical					
Name: Asst. Lec	turer Farah Abdulhaleem					
Email: <u>farah.abo</u>	dulhaleem@bcms.edu.iq					
8. Course Ob	jectives					
	1) This course offers an in-depth exploration of the pharmaceutical chemistry and					
Course	pharmacology of major drug classes that target key physiological systems. The					
Objectives	curriculum focuses on the relationship between chemical structure and biological activity					
,	(SAR), the mechanism of action at specific receptors, and the therapeutic applications of					
	these agents in treating various diseases.					
9. Teaching a	9. Teaching and Learning Strategies					
Strategy	Theoretical lectures with teaching aids such as videos and diagrams					
<i></i>	Practical laboratories where students conduct experiments effectively					
10. Course Struc	10. Course Structure					





Weeks	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject name	Learning method	Evaluation method
1-4	8+12	-Cholinergic agents, cholinergic receptors and their subtype -Cholinergic agonists; stereochemistry and SAR; products; cholinesterase inhibitors -Cholinergic blocking agents; SAR; solanaceous alkaloid and analogues; synthetic cholinergic blocking agents and products; ganglionic blocking agents (neuromuscular blocking agents). Practical: -Preparation for salicylic acidRe-crystallization of salicylic acidSynthesis of aspirinRe-crystallization of aspirin.	Cholinergic	Lectures	Oral and written exams
5-7	9+6	Adrenergic agents (adrenergic neurotransmitters), adrenergic receptor; drugs affecting adrenergic neurotransmission; sympathomimetic agents, adrenergic receptor antagonists Practical: - Assay of aspirin (known sample). - Assay of aspirin (unknown sample).	Adrenergic agents	Lectures	Oral and written exams





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		- Preparation of nitrobenzene.			
		- CNS depressant;			
		benzodiazepines and related			
		compounds; barbiturate; CNS			
		depressant with skeletal muscle			
8-9	7	relaxant properties;	CNS drugs	Lectures	Oral and
0-9	/	antipsychotics; anticonvulsants	CN3 drugs	Lectures	exams written
		- CNS stimulants			
		Practical:			
		Preparation of aniline.			
		Preparation for acetanilide.			
		Drugs affecting the Renin			
		Angiotensin pathway and calcium	Drugs		
10 11	F	blockers, vasodilators.	affecting	Lastonas	Oral and
10-11	10-11 5	Practical:	cardiovascula	Lectures	exams written
		Re-crystallization of acetanilide.	r system		
		Chlorosulfonation of acetanilide.			
		Structure-activity relationships at			
		H1-receptors; first-generation			
		antihistamine classes; second-			
		generation antihistamines; recent			
		antihistamine developments: the			
		"dual-acting" antihistamines;	Histamine		
		histamine H2-antagonists:	and anti-		Oral and
12-13	7	structural derivation of the "H2-		Lectures	
		antagonists"	histaminic		written exams
		Practical:	agents		
		Amination of p-chlorobenzene			
		sulfonyl chloride.			
		Hydrolysis of p-chlorobenzene			
		sulfonyl chloride to			
		sulfanilamide.			





Cyclooxygenases; Therapeutic Classifications; SAR. Practical: Synthesis of paracetamol.	NSAIDs	Lectures	Oral and written exams
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11. Course Evaluation

- 20 Marks Lab Practical
- 20 theoretical grades including midterm exam, quizzes and attendance
- 60 Final Exam Marks

12. Learning and Teaching Resources	
Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	 Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry Roche PhD (Author), S. William PhD Zito 7 th Edition PhD by Victoria PhD F., College of Pharmacy, Houston Uni, Texas, USA. Wilson and Gisvolds textbook of organic medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry, John M. B.; John H.B. (twelfth edition). An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry 7th Edition by Graham L. Patrick, University of the West of Scotland, UK
Main references (sources)	1) Lab Handbook for Practical Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry Adopted by the Department
Recommended booksand References scientific) journals, reports	
Electronic references, websites	





1. Course Name							
Clinical Pharmacy	Clinical Pharmacy I						
2. Course Code							
438 ACICp1							
3. Semester/Year							
First Semester / Fo	urth Stage						
4. Description Pre	paration Date:						
9-2025							
5. Available Atten	dance Forms						
On campus							
6. Number of Cred	dit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)						
2 hours theoret	ical + 2 hours practical (60) / 3 units						
7. Course adminis	trator's name (if more than one name)						
Theory:							
Name: Assistant Lect	urer Yasser Sabah						
Email: <u>yassir.sabah@</u>	bcms.edu.iq						
Practical:							
Name: Lecturer Dr. 1	Humam Tawfiq Hadi						
Email: <u>humam.hadi@</u>	<u>Pbcms.edu.iq</u>						
8. Course Objectiv	ves						
Course Objectives	The course equips students with basic knowledge and skills in community						
	pharmacy in terms of management and practice.						
9. Teaching and Learning Strategies							
	Lectures						
Strato m.	Seminars						
Strategy	Simple Quizzes						
	Brainstorming questions						
10. Course Structure							





Weeks	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject	Learning method	Evaluation method
1	1	This topic explains: 1. The difference between prescription and over-the-counter medications. 2- Symptom response in the community pharmacy 3- General rules for referring patients	Introduction to Community Pharmacy	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes
2	3	This topic explains: 1. Causes and symptoms of common minor respiratory problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments for common minor respiratory problems 4. Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor respiratory problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments.	Respiratory problems: cough, colds, allergic rhinitis, otitis media, laryngitis, pharyngitis	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes
3	4	This topic explains: 1-Causes and symptoms of common minor digestive problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments for common minor digestive problems	Digestive problems: diarrhea, constipation, heartburn, indigestion, irritable bowel syndrome and hemorrhoids	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes





4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor gastrointestinal problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments. This topic explains: 1-Causes and symptoms of common minor children's problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments for common minor children's problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor children's problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments. This topic explains: 1-Causes and symptoms of common minor skin problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments infections, eczema and doctors 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments. For common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments. For common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments. Rectures Simple Discussions Quizzes	LLEGE OF MEDIC					
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1-Causes and symptoms of common minor skin problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors loss, fungal infections, for common minor skin problems eczema and 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems dandruff, cold 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			drug treatments.			
minor skin problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments for common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter acne, scabies, psoriasis, hair loss, fungal infections, eczema and dermatitis, dandruff, cold sores, corns, patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			This topic explains:			
2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors loss, fungal infections, for common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter psoriasis, hair loss, fungal infections, eczema and dermatitis, dandruff, cold sores, corns, patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			1-Causes and symptoms of common	Skin diseases:		
doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments infections, eczema and 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments dermatitis, for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			minor skin problems	acne, scabies,		
5 6 3-Non-pharmacological treatments infections, for common minor skin problems eczema and 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems dandruff, cold 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			2- Symptoms that require a visit to	psoriasis, hair		
for common minor skin problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter dermatitis, dandruff, cold sores, corns, keratosis.			doctors	loss, fungal		
4-Over-the-counter drug treatments dermatitis, for common minor skin problems dandruff, cold 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.	5	6	3-Non-pharmacological treatments	infections,	Lectures	Simple
for common minor skin problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			for common minor skin problems	eczema and	Discussions	Quizzes
5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			4-Over-the-counter drug treatments	dermatitis,		
patient regarding over-the-counter keratosis.			for common minor skin problems	dandruff, cold		
			5- Provide appropriate advice to the	sores, corns,		
drug treatments.			patient regarding over-the-counter	keratosis.		
			drug treatments.			





TEGE OF MEU.					
6	2	This topic explains: 1-Causes and symptoms of common minor gynecological problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments for common minor gynecological problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor gynecological problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments	Women's health care: cystitis, vaginal thrush, primary dysmenorrhea, premenstrual syndrome.	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes
7	3	This topic explains: 1. Causes and symptoms of common minor central nervous system problems 2- Symptoms that require a visit to doctors 3-Non-pharmacological treatments for common minor central nervous system problems 4-Over-the-counter drug treatments for common minor central nervous system problems 5- Provide appropriate advice to the patient regarding over-the-counter drug treatments.	Problems related to the central nervous system: headache, insomnia, motion sickness, nausea and vomiting	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes
8	1	This topic explains: 1-Causes and symptoms of common minor eye problems	Eye problems	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes





OLLEGE OF MEDIC					
		2- Symptoms that require a visit to			
		doctors			
		3-Non-pharmacological treatments			
		for common minor eye problems			
		4- Over-the-counter drug treatments			
		for common minor eye problems			
		5- Provide appropriate advice to the			
		patient regarding over-the-counter			
		drug treatments.			
		This topic explains:			
		1-Causes and symptoms of common			
		simple ear, nose and throat problems			
		2- Symptoms that require a visit to			
		doctors			
		3-Non-pharmacological treatments			
9	1	for common simple ear, nose and	ENT problems	Lectures	Simple
		throat problems		Discussions	Quizzes
		4-Over-the-counter drug treatments			
		for common simple ear, nose and			
		throat problems			
		5- Provide appropriate advice to the			
		patient regarding over-the-counter			
		drug treatments.			
		This topic explains:			
		1-Causes and symptoms of common			
		minor oral problems			
		2- Symptoms that require a visit to	Oral hygiene,	Lectures	Simple
10	1	doctors	mouth sores	Discussions	Quizzes
		3-Non-pharmacological treatments		Discussions	Quilles
		for common minor oral problems			
		4- Over-the-counter drug treatments			
		for common minor oral problems			





LEGE OF MEU.					
		5- Provide appropriate advice to the			
		patient regarding over-the-counter			
		drug treatments.			
		This topic explains:			
		1-Causes of obesity			
		2-Complications of obesity			
		3- Benefits of weight loss			
		4-Non-pharmacological treatments	Obesity and		c: I
11	1	for obesity	body weight	Lectures	Simple
		4-Pharmacological treatments for	control.	Discussions	Quizzes
		obesity without a prescription			
		5- Provide appropriate advice to the			
		patient regarding over-the-counter			
		drug treatments.			
		This topic explains:			
		1. Causes and symptoms of pain and			
		musculoskeletal problems			
		2- Symptoms that require a visit to			
		doctors			
		3-Non-pharmacological treatments	-		
12	1	for pain and musculoskeletal	Musculoskeletal	Lectures	Simple
		problems	pain and	Discussions	Quizzes
		4-Over-the-counter drug treatments	disorders		
		for pain and musculoskeletal			
		problems			
		5- Provide appropriate advice to the			
		patient regarding over-the-counter			
		drug treatments.			
		This topic explains:	Nicotine		
13	1	1- Health risks from smoking	replacement	Lectures	Simple
		2- Facts about the benefits of quitting	therapy	Discussions	Quizzes
		smoking			





SELEGE OF MEDIC						
		3- The theoretical model of smoking	5			
		cessation				
		4- Guidelines for the use of nicotine				
		replacement therapy				
		This topic explains:				
		1- Dietary supplements market	D:			
14	1	2- Dietary supplement controls	Dietary	•	Lectures	Simple
		3- Risks of dietary supplements	supple	ments	Discussions	Quizzes
		4. Quality and effectiveness of				
		supplements				
		This topic explains:	Update	e in		
		1- Update in the reclassification of	reclass	ification		G: 1
15	2	over-the-counter drugs	of over	r-the-	Lectures	Simple
		2. Guidelines for the use of new ove	r- counte	er drugs	Discussions	Quizzes
		the-counter drugs				
11. Cou	ırse Eval	uation	<u> </u>			
Midtern	n Exam +	20 Labs + 60 Final Exams20				
42.1		I.T. 1: D				
12. Lea	rning an	d Teaching Resources				
			,	•	narmacy: a guic	le to the
Doguirod	taythaal	ks (curricular books, if any)	management of common illness.			
Required	textbook	ts (curricular books, if arry)	2-Community pharmacy: symptoms, diagnosis and			
			treatment.			<i>U</i>
Main Ref	erencest	sources)	Symptoms in the pharmacy: a guide to the			to the
,		management of common illness				
Recommended books and references (scientific			Handbook of Nonprescription Drugs: An Interactive			s: An Interactive
(journals, reports			Approach to Self-Care,			
El						
Electronic References, Websites			E-books an	nd review a	rticles	





1	C		l
١.	Course	1	ıame

Biopharmaceutics (Lab + Theoretical)

2. Course Code

439 PhBp

3. Academic Year/ Semester

First Semester / Fourth Stage

- 4. Date of preparation of the description
- 9-2025
- 5. Available Attendance Forms

Students' signatures on the attendance sheet

6. Number of hours and units of study

Theoretical Hours+2 Hours Practical (60) / 3 Units 2

7. Course administrator's name (if more than one name)

Theory:

- A. Lecturer Mohammed Jassim (mohammed-jassim-neamah@bcms.edu.iq)
- B. Lecturer Eman Gameel (eman.gameel@bcms.edu.iq)
- C. Assistant Lecturer Ahmed Abdulameer (<u>ahmed_abdulameer.abed@bcms.edu.iq</u>)

Practical:

- A. Assistant Lecturer Zainab Abdulmohsin Radhi (zainabradhi@bcms.edu.iq)
- B. Assistant Lecturer Rana Kadum (ranakadum@bcms.edu.iq)
- 8. Course Objectives
- 1. The concept of biopharmaceutics.
- 2. Identifying factors that are influencing the bioavailability of a drug; these include
- a. GIT Physiological factors affecting oral drug absorption (oral drugs)
- b. Physicochemical properties of drug itself (solubility and dissolution rate)
- c. The type of dosage form and choice of excipients.
- 3. Bioavailability and bioequivalence studies
- 4. Pharmacokinetics of drug absorption including
- a. One compartment open model.
- b. Multiple compartment models.
- 9. Teaching and Learning Strategies





Strategy
Seminars
Simple Quizzes
Brainstorming questions

10.Course Structure

I		D : 11 : 0 :	Unit or subject	Learning	Evaluation
Week	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	name	method	method
		Concept of biopharmaceutics,	Introduction to	Theoretical	
4	2.2	bioavailability and	Biopharmaceutics	lectures	D
1	2+2	pharmacokinetics		Practical	Paper exam
				laboratories	
		GIT Physiological factors	GIT Physiological	Theoretical	
2	2+2	influencing gastrointestinal dr	factors influencing	lectures	Danar ayam
2	2+2	absorption: Gastric emptying	gastrointestinal	Practical	Paper exam
		time, pH and food	drug absorption	laboratories	
		GIT Physiological factors	GIT Physiological	Theoretical	
3	2+2	influencing gastrointestinal dr	factors influencing	lectures	Dam ou overe
3	2+2	absorption: Mechanisms of dr	gastrointestinal	Practical	Paper exam
		absorption	drug absorption	laboratories	
		Drug physicochemical factors	Drug	Theoretical	
4	2+2	influencing drug absorption:	physicochemical	lectures	Dam ou overe
4	2+2	Solubility and dissolution	factors influencing	Practical	Paper exam
			drug absorption	laboratories	
		pH- partitioning hypothesis of	pH- partitioning	Theoretical	
5	2+2	drug absorption: pKa and	hypothesis of drug	lectures	Danorovam
3	2+2	dissociation and lipid solubility	absorption	Practical	Paper exam
				laboratories	
	_	Dosage form factors influence	Dosage form	Theoretical	
6	2+2	drug absorption: type of the	factors influencing	lectures	Danar ayam
0	Z±Z	dosage form	drug absorption	Practical	Paper exam
				laboratories	





		Dosage form factors influence	Dosage form	Theoretical		
_	2.2	drug absorption: Excipients	factors influencing	lectures		
7	2+2		drug absorption	Practical	Paper exam	
				laboratories		
8		Mid	dterm Exam	1		
		Bioavailability and	Bioavailability and	Theoretical		
	2.2	Bioequivalence:	Bioequivalence	lectures		
9	2+2	Types of bioavailability studies		Practical	Paper exam	
				laboratories		
		Pharmacokinetics:	Pharmacokinetics	Theoretical		
40	2 - 2	One compartment open model		lectures		
10	2+2			Practical	Paper exam	
				laboratories		
		Pharmacokinetics: multiple	Pharmacokinetics	Theoretical		
44	2.2	compartment model		lectures		
11	2+2			Practical	Paper exam	
				laboratories		
		Pharmacokinetics: Intra-venous	Pharmacokinetics	Theoretical		
12	2+2	infusion		lectures	Danorovam	
12	2+2			Practical	Paper exam	
				laboratories		
		Pharmacokinetics: Protein	Pharmacokinetics	Theoretical		
13	2+2	binding		lectures	Paper exam	
15	212			Practical	i apei exam	
				laboratories		
		Pharmacokinetics: Dosage	Pharmacokinetics	Theoretical		
14	2+2	regimen		lectures	Paper exam	
	212			Practical	r uper exum	
	laboratories					
15	15 Student Seminar					
11. Course Evaluation						





 $15 \ marks \ depending \ on \ the \ midterm \ exam \ score$

5 Marks Daily preparation and Daily exams

20 Marks Practical Laboratory

Final Exam 60 Marks

Final score 100 marks

12. Learning and Teaching Resources				
Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	Pharmaceutics The Science of Dosage Fo Design			
Required textbooks (curricular books, if arry)	2Ed M.E.Aulton ν			
Main references (sources)	Shargel L, Yu AB, (Eds.), Appl Biopharmaceutics			
Main references (sources)	and Pharmacokinetics; edition,2012.			
Recommended books and references (scientific				
journals, reports)				
Electronic referencesWebsites				





1.	Course Name			
	Public Health			
2.	Course Code			
	440 AClPuh			
3.	Semester / Year			
	First Semester / Fourth	Stage		
4.	Description Preparation	n Date:		
	9-2025			
5.	Available Attendance F	orms		
	on campus			
6.	Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)			
	Two theoretical hours per week (30) / two units			
7.	Course administrator's	name (if more than one name)		
Nar	ne: Professor Dr. Haydar	Al-Tukmagi		
Ema	ail: <u>Tukmagi@bcms.edu.i</u>	9		
8.	Course Objectives			
		Definition of public health science, its objectives and fields in society and		
		health levels, as well as infectious diseases, their causes, methods of		
		prevention, and related nutrition with immunity.		
		Provide students with theoretical knowledge and skills, where the student		
		learns to apply the basic theories of biostatistics in the sciences of health,		
		epidemiology, and public health. It also includes focusing on important		
Cou	ırse Objectives	analysis processes such as measures of central tendency, measures of		
		dispersion, and other various statistical methods for analyzing and describing		
		data.		
		Improving students' ability to self-learning, using the Internet and accessing		
		accurate scientific information.		

community counseling.

Preparing students to be an efficient source with a solid scientific basis for





9. Teaching and Learning Strategies Lectures

Strategy Discussions

Simple Quizzes

Reporting

10. Course Structure

	IU. Course Structure				
The week	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject	Learning method	Evaluation method
1	1	* Explain the history and philosophy of public health as well as its core values, concepts and functions around the world and in society. * Identify the determinants of health. How disparities in neighborhood conditions, education, income, wealth, and social and political climate affect health outcomes and health inequalities	Introduction to Public Health	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	*To highlight milestones in the development of the pharmacy profession * Estimating drug development timelines and setting milestones in drug discovery	History reference	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
2	1	*Definition of epidemiology	epidemiology	Lectures Discussions	Theoretical exams





		* Describe the basic terms and concepts of epidemiology * Identify the types of data sources		Reporting	Classroom Activities
	2	* Discuss concepts and terminology involving drug safety * Describe the types of medication errors Addressing the link between drug errors and adverse drug events * Give practical examples of medication errors and possible solutions	Medication Safety and Medication Errors	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
3	1	*Identify basic methods of data collection and interpretation * Describe the public health problem in terms of time, place and person	epidemiology	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Introduction to COVID-19 and how it combines spread, misconception and myth, disease control and treatments.	Infectious diseases	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
4	1	* Population growth analysis * Identify the basic concepts used in the study of population	Demographics	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams





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					Classroom Activities
	2	* Explore some of the tools used to identify inappropriate prescriptions or side effects of medications * Introduction of characterization and reconciliation of drugs * Provide practical case studies and address key issues with possible interventions	Incorrect medication prescription and cancellation of medication prescription	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
5	1	* Distinguish between the demographic patterns of industrialized and non-industrialized countries. * Analysis of factors affecting population composition. * Study the results of progress in population age	Demographics	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	*Transmission of viruses from cattle to humans *Causing Disease * Risk Factors * Signs and symptoms of an infected patient and how the	Infectious diseases	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities





	ı		1	ı	1
		spread of the disease can be prevented			
6	1	* Define the concepts of demographics and population mobility and identify the influencing factors	Measures of disease recurrence	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Determine the preparation of the community pharmacy * Understand the role of community pharmacists and their challenges. * Highlight the process of opening a community pharmacy	Community Pharmacies Department	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
7	1	* Describe and calculate measures that characterize population dynamics, including birth and death rates, fertility rates, sex ratios, and dependency ratios that affect them	Measures of disease recurrence	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Estimation of factors that increase the risk of a patient's inability to follow up drug therapy and recommendations made by health professionals	Skills for pharmacists to enhance commitment.	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities





TEGE OF MEDI	<u></u>	<u> </u>			
		* Develop the skills necessary for pharmacists' procedures in promoting commitment.			
8	1	* Explain the relationship between immunization and immunization * Comparison of the main modes of transmission of infectious diseases of public health importance * Apply the principles of public health surveillance and epidemiology in relation to the investigation of infectious disease outbreaks	Infectious diseases	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Definition of the term "biosafety" * Understand the principles and practices used to protect people and the environment from: 1- Exposure while working with living organisms, substances or biological agents 2- Exposure to Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs)	Biosafety in pharmacy practice	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities





_	I	I	1	1	1
9	1	Explain the legislative frameworks for the prevention and control of infectious diseases in Iraq. * Analysis of human and environmental factors that contribute to the emergence of new infectious diseases	Infectious diseases	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Medications suitable for their clinical needs, in doses that meet their individual requirements * Medicines for a sufficient period, and less expensive for them and society.	The pharmacist's skill in using the appropriate dose for each individual case	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
10	1	* Describe the public health burden caused by non-communicable diseases. * Explain the disproportionate burden of these diseases in lowand middle-income countries.	Non- communicable diseases	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	*Review current travel advice and immunizations based on travel locations * Identify possible infections in returning travelers	Travel Medications	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities





LEGE OF MEU					
11	1	* Better identify the need for referrals to travel medicine experts * Identify behavioral risk factors for non-communicable diseases * Understand the role of tobacco use and harmful alcohol use as risk factors for non-communicable diseases	Non- communicable diseases	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Describe and demonstrate the use of "best evidence" in pharmacy practice. * Describe and demonstrate the use of pharmaceutical economic analysis in pharmacy practice	Evidence-based medicine	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
12	1	* Identify epidemics that occurred during the last century * Ability to discuss epidemiological issues using basic terminology * Understand the factors involved in the persistence of the disease * Ensure to know more about viruses and their treatment/prevention	Some important epidemics	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities





LEGE OF MEU.		<u></u>			
		* Estimate that events around the world affect them [students]			
	2	* Understand the different definitions of Polypharmacology * Identify the types of Polypharmacology and highlight their consequences.	Polypharmacology	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
13	1	Define the following terms: tolerance, abuse/abuse, Psychological and physical dependence * Describe patterns of abuse of certain medications *Describe the factors that affect the desired effects ("high") and the addictive potential associated with abuse commonly describe the differences between the main classes of misused drugs * Describe how drugs at risk of abuse are legally classified	Misuse of medicines	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Estimate aspects of research studies to determine the processes involved in planning a research study	Principles of research study	Lectures Discussions	Theoretical exams





LEGE OF MEU					
14	1	* Develop skills for oral communication and poster preparation during project deployment. * Understand how vaccines work and their types * Describe how to increase cooperation between public and private institutions to increase vaccination rates * Raise awareness of vaccine- preventable diseases and/or vaccination rates Describe how local advocacy efforts to promote and develop vaccination can be nurtured and leveraged to include activities at the provincial, national and international levels	National Immunization Plan in Iraq	Reporting Lectures Discussions Reporting	Classroom Activities Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
	2	* Understand the term pharmaceutical care plan and its relationship to the patient in the hospital, clinical pharmacist. * Identify the role of the clinical pharmacist in the development of the care plan.	Introduction to Pharmaceutical Care Plan	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities





LEGE OF MEU					
		* Give practical cases and develop a care plan for each case.			
15	1	Definition of terms of bacterial resistance, Explain methods of monitoring bacterial resistance globally and in Iraq	Bacterial resistance - Part One	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities
16	2	Summarizing the National Report on Bacterial Resistance in Iraq Understand the methods used by the Ministry of Health to control bacterial resistance. Summarizing the published national research on bacterial resistance in Iraq	Bacterial Resistance - Part Two	Lectures Discussions Reporting	Theoretical exams Classroom Activities

11. Course Evaluation

Midterm Exam Score: 25%

Tasks and tests: 5%

Final Exam Score: 70%

12. Learning and Teaching Resources

	1- Adetokunbo O. Lucas, Herbert M. Gilles. Short textbook of public health
Required textbooks (curricular	medicine for the tropics. Latest edition.
books, if any)	2-Roger Detels, Martin Gulliford, Quarraisha Abdool Karim, et al. Oxford Textbook of Global Public Health. Latest edition.





	3-Theodore H. Tulchinsky, Elena A. Varavikova, The New Public Health Latest edition. 4-Aliso Blenkinsopp, Rhona Panton, Claire Anderson. Health promotion for pharmacists. Latest edition.
Main References(sources)	1- Adetokunbo O. Lucas, Herbert M. Gilles. Short textbook of public health medicine for the tropics. Latest edition.
Recommended booksand References ,scientific journals) (reports	1-Roger Detels, Martin Gulliford, Quarraisha Abdool Karim, et al. Oxford Textbook of Global Public Health. Latest edition. 2-Theodore H. Tulchinsky, Elena A. Varavikova, The New Public Health Latest edition. 3-Aliso Blenkinsopp, Rhona Panton, Claire Anderson. Health promotion for pharmacist. Latest edition.
Electronic References, Websites	Annual Antimicrobial Resistant Report, The Ministry of Health, Antimicrobial Unit, 2022 Annual Statistical Report by Iraqi Ministry of Health, 2022





1.	Course Name:			

Pharmacology III

2. Course Code:

441 ACIPh3

3. Semester / Year:

Fourth Year/Second Semester

4. Date of preparation of the description

9-2025

5. Available Forms of Attendance:

On campus

6. Number of credit hours (total) / number of units (total):

2 hours theoretical per week (30) / 2 units

7. Course administrator name

Theory:

Name: Assistant Professor Mohammed Abdulmutalib

Email: mohamed.abdulmutalib@bcms.edu.iq

8. Course Objectives

Course Objectives

- Study the pathophysiology of inflammation and clarify anti-inflammatory drugs and drugs used in inflammatory conditions with important details about biological drugs.
- Study of drugs used in the treatment of gout
- Study of anti-diabetic drugs, whether insulin or other drugs used in the treatment of diabetes.
- Apply pharmacological concepts about hormones of the hypothalamus and pituitary gland, as well as thyroid hormones including drugs used in hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism.
- The study of reproductive hormones and their inhibitors as well as contraceptives.





- Give important information about the drugs used in the treatment of obesity, drugs used in the treatment of osteoporosis, and drugs used in the treatment of erectile dysfunction.
- Application of pharmacological concepts about anticancer drugs

9. Teaching and Learning Strategies

Strategy

- Lectures and interactive presentations
- Learning based on examples of common clinical conditions Self-directed learning
- Interactive workshops and seminars
- Different assessment strategies

10. Course Structure

Weeks	Hours	Required Learning	Unit or subject name	Learning	method			
		Outcomes		method	Evaluation			
1	2	Acquired	Hypothalamic and pituitary	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological	hormones					
		Knowledge						
2	2	Acquired	Thyroid and Antithyroid drugs	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological						
		Knowledge						
3	2	Acquired	Estrogens	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological						
		Knowledge						
4	2	Acquired	progestins, and androgens	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological						
		Knowledge						
5	2	Acquired	Contraceptives	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological						
		Knowledge						
6	2	Acquired	The adrenal hormones	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological						
		Knowledge						
7	2	Acquired	Drugs affecting bone metabolism	Lectures	Tests & Exams			
		Pharmacological	_					
		Knowledge						





8	2	Acquired	Drugs for diabetes (insulin)	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
9	2	Acquired	Oral hypoglycemic agents	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
10	2	Acquired	Anti-inflammatory drugs	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
11	2	Acquired	Drugs for RA	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
12	2	Acquired	Drugs for Gout	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
13	2	Acquired	Cancer chemotherapy	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
14	2	Acquired	Cancer chemotherapy	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			
15	2	Acquired	Cancer chemotherapy	Lectures	Tests & Exams
		Pharmacological			
		Knowledge			

11. Course Evaluation

- 30 marks midterm semester: 5% Daily exams + 25 % paper exam
- 70 final marks: paper-based exam
 - Total 100 degrees

12. Learning and Teaching Resources	
Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	Lippincott Illustrated Reviews Pharmacology, Six th edition
	(2015)
Main references (sources)	Basic and Clinical Pharmacology 15th edition (2021)





Recommended books and references (scientific journals, reports)	Crash Course Pharmacology, Pharmacology of Essential Medicines
Electronic References, Websites	PubMed (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/) Medscape (https://www.medscape.com/)
	Drugs.com, DrugBank, The world's pharmaceuticals





1. Course Name							
Organic Pharmace	Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry III						
2. Course Code							
442 ChPOp3							
3. Semester / Year							
Second Semester / I	Fourth Stage						
4. Description Pre	paration Date:						
9-2025							
5. Available Atten	dance Forms						
On campus							
6. Number of Cree	dit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)						
3 hours theoret	ical + 2 hours practical (75) / 4 units						
7. Course adminis	strator's name (if more than one name)						
Theory							
Name: Assistant lec	turer Omar Auday Yousif						
Email: omar_auday_	yousif@bcms.edu.iq						
Practical:							
Name: Assistant Lec	turer Farah Abdulhaleem						
Email: <u>farah.abdulh</u>	aleem@bcms.edu.iq						
Name: Assistant lec	turer Israa Abd Al Rasool						
Email: <u>israaabdalra</u>	sol@bcms.edu.iq						
8. Course Objectiv	√es						
·	1) This course covers the medicinal chemistry and pharmacology of						
	chemotherapeutic drugs. It details the mechanisms of anticancer agents, from						
	traditional antineoplastics to modern biotherapeutics.						
Course Objectives	2) The curriculum also provides an in-depth analysis of						
	major antibacterial classes (including β -lactams and sulfonamides) and						

concludes with an overview of **antiviral** and **antifungal** agents.





9. Teaching and Learning Strategies

Strategy

- Theoretical lectures with teaching aids such as videos and diagrams
- Practical laboratories where students conduct experiments effectively

10. Course Structure

Weeks	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject name	Learning method	Evaluation method
1-6	20	Antineoplastic agents: alkylating agents; antimetabolites; antibiotics; plants products; miscellaneous compounds Hormones and related compounds; Future antineoplastic agents; Monoclonal antibodies; Gene therapy for cancer. Practical: Hydrolytic Degradation of Ceftriaxone and Detection of β-Lactam Ring Cleavage Demonstration of Acidic Instability of Benzylpenicillin (Penicillin G) Comparative Stability Study of Azithromycin and Erythromycin Comparing the acid stability of Azithromycin and Erythromycin	Anticancer	Lectures	Oral and written exams
7-12	18	$\beta\text{-} \text{lactam} \text{antibiotics} \\ \text{(penicillins);} \beta\text{-} \text{lactamase} \\ \text{inhibitors;} \text{cephalosporins} \text{and} \\ \text{monobactams} \\$	Antibacterial s	Lectures	Oral and written exams





LEGE OF MEDIC					
		Aminoglycosides and			
		chloramphenicol; tetracyclines;			
		macrolides; Lincomycin and			
		polypeptides			
		Sulfonamide: chemistry,			
		nomenclature, mechanism of			
		action, resistance, toxicity, side			
		effects, metabolism protein			
		binding, distribution and SAR)			
		products, sulfones			
		Practical:			
		Comparative In Vitro Evaluation			
		of Oral Absorption Potential of			
		Tetracycline Class Antibiotics			
		Demonstration of the			
		Amphoteric Nature of			
		Tetracyclines			
		Simulation of Tetracycline			
		Inactivation by Calcium from			
		Milk and Antacids			
		Agents Inhibiting Virus			
		Attachment, Penetration, and			
		Early; Agents Interfering with			
		Viral Nucleic Acid Replication;			
13-14	5	HIV Protease Inhibitors; HIV	Antivirals	Lectures	Oral and
		Reverse Transcriptase	7		written exams
		Inhibitors; HIV Integrase			
		Inhibitors; Investigational			
		Antiviral Agents			
		Practical:			





		Effect of pH on the Solubility of			
		Ciprofloxacin and its Clinical			
		Relevance to Crystalluria			
		Biochemical targets for			
	2	antifungal chemotherapy;	Antifungals	Lectures	Oral and written exams
		Polyene Membrane Disruptors;			
		Ergosterol Biosynthesis			
		Inhibitors; Inhibitors of Cell Wall			
15		Biosynthesis—Echinocandins;			
		miscellaneous drugs.			
		Practical:			
		Demonstration of Metal Ion			
		Chelation by Quinolones (e.g.,			
		Ciprofloxacin)			

11. Course Evaluation

20 Marks Lab Practical

20 theoretical grades including midterm exam, quizzes and attendance

60 Final Exam Marks

12. Learning and Teaching Resources						
	1) Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry Roche PhD					
	(Author), S. William PhD Zito 7 th Edition PhD by Victoria					
	PhD F., College of Pharmacy, Houston Uni, Texas, USA.					
Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	2) Wilson and Gisvolds textbook of organic medicinal					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and pharmaceutical chemistry, John M. B.; John H.B. (twelfth					
	edition).					
	3) An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry 7th Edition					
	by Graham L. Patrick, University of the West of Scotland, UK					
Main references (sources)	1) Handbook for Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Adop					
Main references (sources)	by the Department					





Recommended books and References	
scientific journals, reports))	
Electronic references, websites	





1. Course Na	Course Name						
Clinical Pl	narmacy II						
2. Course Co	Course Code						
443 ACIC _I	p2						
3. Semester /	mester / Year						
Second Se	Second Semester / Fourth Stage						
4. Description	n Preparation Date:						
9-2025							
5. Available	Attendance Forms						
On campu	IS .						
6. Number o	f Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)						
Theoretica	Theoretical Hours+2 Hours Practical (60) / 3 Units 2						
7. Course ad	ministrator's name (if more than one name)						
Theory:							
Name: Assistant	t Lecturer Yasser Sabah						
Email: <u>yassir.sab</u>	pah@bcms.edu.iq						
Practical:							
Name: Assistant	t Lecturer Ameer Ali Khazal						
Email: <u>AmeerAli</u>	@bcms.edu.iq						
8. Course Ob	pjectives						
	• The course provides students with basic knowledge about pathophysiology, symptoms,						
	and treatment goals. In addition to basic knowledge about drug use, pharmacokinetics of						
Course	drug interactions, dosage calculations, side effects, treatment algorithms and patient						
Objectives	awareness.						
	The following diseases will be addressed: some of (cardiovascular disorders, respiratory)						
	disorders, digestive disorders, infectious disorders, rheumatic disorders, endocrine						
disorders).							
9. Teaching a	and Learning Strategies						
Strategy	Lectures						





Seminars

Simple Quizzes

Brainstorming questions

10. Course Structure

	10. Course Structure Learning Evaluation						
Weeks	Hours	Required Learning Outcomes	Unit or subject name	method	method		
1	1	- Knowledge of the principle of clinical pharmacy and its fields of specialization	Introduction to the concept of clinical pharmacy, its professional activities and responsibilities (including the status of clinical pharmacy in Iraq)	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes		
2	3	Identify the concept of pharmaceutical care and the procedures necessary to achieve the goals of the therapeutic process	Overview of Pharmaceutical Care Practice (Patient Care Process)	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes		
3	4	 Discuss common causes of anemia. Recognize the common signs and symptoms of anemia. Describe the diagnostic assessment required to identify the causes of anemia. Develop a treatment regimen that considers the underlying cause and variables of the patient. 	Blood disorders: anemia and sickle cell disease	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes		





LEGE OF MEDIC					
		5. Compare and compare oral			
		and parenteral iron			
		preparations.			
		6- Explain the optimal use of			
		folic acid and vitamin B12 in			
		patients with large cell anemia.			
		7. Evaluation of proper use of			
		ibutin and darbebutin in			
		patients with chemotherapy-			
		induced anemia for cancer or			
		chronic kidney disease.			
		8. Develop a plan to monitor the			
		results of drug therapy for the			
		treatment of anemia.			
		9. Recognize the common signs			
		and symptoms of sickle cell			
		disease			
		10. Develop a treatment			
		regimen for sickle cell disease			
		and its complications.			
		1. Setting therapeutic goals			
		based on guidelines for patients			
		with high blood pressure.			
		2- Identify the underlying causes			
		and factors contributing to the			
4	2	development of hypertension.	Hypertension	Lectures	Simple
		3. Describe the appropriate	Trypertension	Discussions	Quizzes
		measurement of blood pressure			
		4- Classification of pressure			
		levels after measurement.			
		5- Recommending lifestyle			
		modifications.			





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		6- Determine patient-centered			
		drug therapy for individuals			
		with high blood pressure.			
		7. Identify specific conditions			
		and population groups that			
		require special attention when			
		designing a treatment plan for			
		high blood pressure.			
		8. Build an appropriate			
		monitoring plan to evaluate the			
		treatment of hypertension			
		1. Identify risk factors for			
		ischemic heart disease			
		2. Differentiate the			
		pathophysiology of chronic			
		stable angina pectoris and acute			
		coronary syndrome			
		3. Identify the symptoms and			
		diagnostic criteria for ischemic			
		heart disease in a particular			
		patient.	Ischemic heart	Lectures	Simple
5	5	4. Compare the diagnostic	disease	Discussions	Quizzes
		criteria for ischemic heart		Discussions	Quizzes
		disease and acute coronary			
		syndrome.			
		5. Setting therapeutic goals for			
		stable ischemic heart disease			
		6. Identify appropriate lifestyle			
		modifications and drug therapy			
		to address each therapeutic goal.			
		7. Design an appropriate			
		treatment regimen for the			





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		management of stable ischemic			
		heart disease based on patient			
		information.			
		Formulate a control plan to			
		evaluate the efficacy and			
		adverse effects of the stable			
		ischemic heart disease drug			
		regimen			
		1. Classification of types of heart			
		failure syndrome Heart failure			
		with low ejection fraction, heart			
		failure with preserved ejection			
		fraction, heart failure with			
		medium-term ejection fracture			
		and heart failure with recovered			
		ejection fraction			
		2. Differentiate between			
		common underlying causes of			
		heart failure, including ischemic,			
6	2	nonismic and idiopathic causes.	Heart failure	Lectures	Simple
		3. Describe the pathophysiology	Heartranure	Discussions	Quizzes
		of heart failure as it relates to			
		neurohormonal activation of the			
		renin-angiotensin-aldosterone			
		system, sympathetic nervous			
		system, and endogenous			
		peptide antivascular systems.			
		4. Identify signs and symptoms			
		of heart failure and classify a			
		specific patient according to the			
		functional classification of the			
		New York Heart Association and			





OLLEGE OF MEDIC					
		the American College of			
		Cardiology/Heart Failure Stage			
		of the American Heart			
		Association.			
		5. Discuss and modify treatment			
		goals for patients with acute			
		and/or chronic heart failure.			
		6. Establish a strategy for the			
		non-pharmacological			
		management of a patient with			
		heart failure that includes			
		patient education.			
		7. Develop an Evidence-based			
		drug treatment and follow-up			
		plan for patients with chronic			
		heart failure.			
		8. Design a drug treatment and			
		monitoring plan for a patient			
		with acute heart failure.			
		9. Formulate a treatment plan			
		for a heart failure patient with			
		preserved ejection fracture			
		1. Identify risk factors for			
		peripheral arterial disease.			
		2- Explain the role of			
		atherosclerosis in the	Davimbayal wasaylay		
7	3	pathophysiology of peripheral	Peripheral vascular diseases.	Lectures	Simple
		arterial disease.	diseases.	Discussions	Quizzes
		3- Designing a suitable			
		treatment system for the			
		treatment of peripheral arterial			
		disease.			
-		•			





COLLEGE OF MEDICAL					1
8	1	1. Describe the pathophysiology and clinical symptoms of acute and chronic asthma. 2. Make a list of asthma treatment goals. 3. Identify environmental factors associated with worsening asthma control. 4. Discuss the factors to consider when choosing a patient inhalation delivery device. 5. Recommend an asthma treatment regimen for an adult patient based on symptoms. 6. Compare preferred asthma relief regimens with control systems in children, adolescents and adults. 7- Describe the purpose of an individual asthma action plan.	Asthma.	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes
9	1	Describe the purpose of an individual asthma action plan. 1- Describe the pathophysiology of COPD. 2- Evaluate the patient for signs and symptoms of COPD. 3- Determine the therapeutic goals for the COPD patient. 4- Designing a suitable maintenance treatment system for COPD based on patient data.	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes





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		5. Design an appropriate system			
		for the treatment of COPD			
		exacerbation based on patient			
		data.			
		6. Develop a monitoring plan to			
		evaluate the effectiveness of			
		drug therapy and the adverse			
		effects of COPD.			
		7- Formulate an appropriate			
		educational plan for COPD			
		patients			
		1-Discuss the incidence of			
		diabetes.			
		2- Distinguish between clinical			
		differences in type 1,			
		autoimmune diabetes			
		underlying in adulthood, type 2,			
		and gestational diabetes.			
		3. List of screening and			
		diagnostic criteria for diabetes.			
		4. Discuss the therapeutic goals	Diabetes and diabetic	Lectures	C:mmlo
10	1	of blood sugar level and blood	ketoacidosis	Discussions	Simple Quizzes
		pressure for diabetics.	Retoactuosis	Discussions	Quizzes
		5. Recommend non-			
		pharmacological treatments,			
		including meal planning and			
		physical activity, for people with			
		diabetes.			
		6. Compare oral medications			
		used in the treatment of			
		diabetes by their mechanism of			
		action, time of action, side			





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		effects, contraindications and			
		effectiveness.			
		7. Choose the right insulin			
		therapy based on the onset,			
		peak and duration of the effect.			
		8. Discuss the signs, symptoms			
		and treatment of hypoglycemia.			
		9. Define diabetic ketoacidosis			
		and discuss treatment goals.			
		10- Develop a comprehensive			
		treatment monitoring plan for			
		the diabetic patient based on the			
		patient's factors.			
		1. Recognize the differences			
		between Helicobacter pylori			
		ulcers and nonsteroidal anti-			
		inflammatory drugs, stress-			
		related mucosa damage in terms			
		of risk factors, disease			
		pathogenesis, signs and			
		symptoms, clinical course, and			
11	1	prognosis.	Peptic ulcer disease	Lectures	Simple
		2. Determine the desired	r eptic dicer disease	Discussions	Quizzes
		therapeutic outcomes for			
		patients with Helicobacter pylori			
		ulcers causing NSAIDs.			
		3. Identify an appropriate			
		Helicobacterectomy regimen			
		that considers patient-specific			
		factors and methods to improve			
		adherence to the regimen.			





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		4. Determine the appropriate			
		management of a patient who is			
		taking NSAIDs and at high risk			
		of developing ulcer-related			
		gastrointestinal complications			
		(e.g., gastrointestinal bleeding)			
		or who develops ulcers.			
		5. Use an algorithm to evaluate			
		and treat a patient with signs			
		and symptoms that indicate an			
		ulcer associated with H. pylori or			
		caused by NSAIDs.			
		Give patient information and the			
		prescribed treatment regimen,			
		develop a control plan for drug			
		therapy to eliminate H. pylori or			
		treat active ulcers caused by			
		NSAIDs or gastrointestinal			
		complications			
		1. Assess risk factors for active			
		tuberculosis infection.			
		2- Design antimicrobial systems			
		suitable for the treatment of			
		latent tuberculosis infection.			
		3- Designing an appropriate	Tuberculosis	Lectures	Simple
12	1	treatment plan for the active	raberearosis	Discussions	Quizzes
		tuberculosis patient.		213643310113	Quizzes
		4- Distinguishing between			
		diagnostic tests used for patients			
		with potential tuberculosis.			
		5. Determine appropriate			
		surveillance criteria to assess the			





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		efficacy and safety of an			
		effective drug regimen for active			
		TB.			
		6. Describe possible adverse			
		reactions associated with TB			
		medications.			
		7. Identify patients for whom			
		therapeutic drug monitoring			
		may be of value and determine			
		the necessary laboratory			
		monitoring criteria for patients			
		taking anti-TB drugs.			
		1. Discuss the pathophysiology			
		of central nervous system			
		infection and its effect on			
		antimicrobial treatment			
		regimens.			
		2. Describe the clinical signs,			
		symptoms and symptoms of			
		CNS infection.			
		3. List the most common	Infectious meningitis	Lectures	Simple
13	1	pathogens that cause central	illiectious meningitis	Discussions	Quizzes
		nervous system infections and		Discussions	Quizzes
		identify risk factors for each			
		pathogen.			
		4. Determine the therapeutic			
		goals of central nervous system			
		infections.			
		5. Identify primary management			
		strategies for central nervous			
		system infection			





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		Lower respiratory tract infection			
		1-List common pathogens that			
		cause community-acquired			
		pneumonia, ventilator-related			
		pneumonia and hospital-			
		acquired pneumonia			
		2. Explain the pathophysiology			
		of pneumonia and associated			
		host defenses.			
		3. List the signs and symptoms			Simple Quizzes
		associated with community-			
		acquired pneumonia, hospital-	Respiratory tract infections	Lectures Discussions	
	1	acquired pneumonia, and			
		ventilator-related pneumonia.			
		4. Identify the patient-organism			
14		factors required to guide the			
		choice of a specific antimicrobial			
		regimen for the patient			
		individually.			
		5- Design an appropriate			
		experimental antimicrobial			
		system based on patient-specific			
		data for an individual with			
		community-acquired			
		pneumonia, hospital-acquired			
		pneumonia, and ventilator-			
		related pneumonia			
		6- Design an appropriate			
		antimicrobial system based on			
		the data of the patient and the			
		organism.			





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		7- Develop a monitoring plan			
		based on patient information for			
		the patient with one of the three			
		categories of pneumonia.			
		8. Apply a complete patient care			
		process to care for patients			
		suffering from any type of			
		pneumonia.			
		9- Formulate appropriate			
		educational information that			
		must be provided to the			
		pneumonia patient.			
		10- Explain ways to prevent			
		pneumonia by immunization			
		and identify groups of patients			
		suitable to receive different			
		vaccines.			
		1. Describe the epidemiological			
		situation and clinical symptoms			
		of common gastrointestinal			
		infections.			
		2. Summarize common risk			
		factors associated with the			
		development of gastrointestinal	Gastrointestinal	Lectures	Simple
15	2	infections.	infections	Discussions	Quizzes
		3. If a patient has a	infections	Discussions	Quizzes
		gastrointestinal infection,			
		develop an individualized			
		treatment plan.			
		4. Determine the effect of			
		widespread antimicrobial			
		resistance on current treatment			





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		recommendations for			
		gastrointestinal infections.			
		5. Discuss the effect of host			
		immunosuppression on the risk			
		of disease complications and			
		treatment strategies associated			
		with gastrointestinal infections.			
		6. Educate patients about			
		appropriate prevention			
		measures against			
		gastrointestinal infections,			
		including vaccinations.			
		. Identify the main risk factors			
		for gout in a particular person.			
		2. Develop a pharmacological			
		treatment plan for patients with			
		acute gouty arthritis or uric acid			
		nephropathy, which includes			
		individual selection of drugs and			
		monitoring their effectiveness			
		and safety.	Gout and	Lectures	Simple
16	1	3. Identify patients who require	hyperuricemia	Discussions	Quizzes
		maintenance treatment for gout		Discussions	Quizzes
		and hyperuricemia.			
		4. Choose the appropriate			
		medication to reduce uric acid			
		levels in the blood in gout			
		patients and develop a plan to			
		monitor efficacy and toxicity.			
		5. Educate patients about			
		appropriate lifestyle			





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		modifications to help prevent			
		gouty arthritis attacks.			
		6. Identify patients at risk of			
		developing tumor lysis			
		syndrome and develop a			
		rational plan for the prevention			
		of this syndrome			
		Sophan joints			
		1- Identification of			
		pathophysiological mechanisms			
		and risk factors associated with			
		osteoarthritis.			
		2. Recognize the clinical			
		manifestations of osteoarthritis.			
		3. Determine treatment goals for			
		individuals with osteoarthritis.			
		4. Formulate a rational non-		Lectures Discussions	
		pharmacological plan for			
		patients with osteoarthritis.	Auchuicia and annann		C:l-
17		5. Recommend a medication	Arthritis and suppur		Simple
		plan for the treatment of	joints	Discussions	Quizzes
		osteoarthritis, considering the			
		patient's specific factors.			
		6. Modify the unsuccessful			
		treatment strategy for			
		osteoarthritis.			
		7. Develop monitoring			
		standards to evaluate the			
		effectiveness of drug therapy			
		and the adverse effects of			
		organic farming.			
		Rheumatoid arthritis			





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	1. Describe the pathophysiology			
	of rheumatoid arthritis, focusing			
	on specific immune			
	components.			
	2. Discuss comorbidities			
	associated with			
	Rheumatoid arthritis			
	3. Recognize the typical clinical			
	symptoms of rheumatoid			
	arthritis.			
	4. Create therapeutic goals for			
	the patient with rheumatoid			
	arthritis.			
	5. Compare the available drug			
	treatment options and choose			
	the most appropriate regimen			
	for the patient.			
	6. Propose a patient education			
	plan that includes drug and non-			
	drug therapy			
	Sizes.			
	1. Identify risk factors that			
	expose patients to osteoporosis.			
	2. Describe the pathogenesis of			
	fractures.	Osteoporosis and	Lectures	Simple
18	3. Develop a list of criteria for	other metabolic bone	Discussions	Quizzes
	diagnosing osteoporosis.	diseases	Discussions	Quilles
	4. Recommend appropriate			
	lifestyle adjustments to prevent			
	bone loss.			





LEGE OF MEDIC				
	5. Compare the impact of			
	available treatment options on			
	reducing the risk of fractures.			
	6. Recommend an appropriate			
	treatment regimen for the			
	osteoporosis patient and			
	develop a monitoring plan for			
	the chosen system.			
	1. Differentiate between the			
	causes and development of			
	infectious endocarditis			
	2. Determination of clinical			
	presentation and laboratory			
	evaluation of infectious			
	endocarditis disease			
	3. Evaluate the diagnostic			
	criteria used to evaluate a			
	patient suspected of having	Infectious endocarditis	Lectures Discussions	
	infectious endocarditis.			
19	4. Describe the most likely			Simple
	causative organisms of IE,			Quizzes
	especially in specific groups of			
	patients.			
	5. Develop appropriate drug			
	therapy recommendations for			
	patients with infectious			
	endocarditis.			
	6. Identify appropriate patient			
	groups that require preventive			
	treatment and distinguish			
	between appropriate drug			
	regimens.			





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20	1. Make recommendations on antimicrobials for surgical prevention of patients undergoing surgery considering the type of surgery and the most common organisms involved. 2- Improving the use of antimicrobials and patient outcomes in preventing surgical	Surgical antibiotic prophylaxis	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes
	site infections and preventing the emergence of resistance among bacteria.			
21	1. Determine the diagnostic criteria for macroflora. 2. Interpret the signs and symptoms of urinary tract infections and distinguish between signs and symptoms of upper and lower urinary tract diseases. 3. Identify the organism responsible for most uncomplicated urinary tract infections. 4. Evaluate laboratory tests that help diagnose urinary tract infection patients. 5. Recommend medications, dosage and duration for the prevention of uncomplicated and complex urinary tract	Urinary tract infection	Lectures Discussions	Simple Quizzes



(...journals, reports

Electronic References, Websites

Fourth Year- Course Description 2025-2026



COLLEGE OF MEDICALS					Acres 379
		infections and experimental			
		treatment.			
		6. Evaluation and selection of			
		treatment for uncomplicated			
		and complex urinary tract			
		infections based on specific			
		urine culture results and patient			
		characteristics			
11. Cou	rse Evaluatio	on	<u> </u>		
Midterm	Exam + 20	Labs + 60 Final Exams20			
12. Lear	ning and Te	aching Resources			
			Pharmacotherapy: A path	ophysiologic a	approach.
			Pharmacotherapy: princip	les and practi	ce.
Required t	extbooks (c	urricular books, if any)	Applied therapeutics.		
'	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Clinical pharmacy and therapeutics.		
			Pharmacotherapy handbook.		
		ACCP updates in therapeu	ıtics.		
Main references (sources)		Pharmacotherapy: A pathophysiologic approach.		approach.	
		Pharmacotherapy: princip	oles and practi	ce.	
		Applied therapeutics.			
		ACCP updates in therapeu	ıtics.		
Recommended books and references (scientific			Pharmacotherapy: A path	ophysiologic a	approach.

Pharmacotherapy: principles and practice.

E-books and review articles





1. Course Name					
General Toxicolog	y				
2. Course Code	2. Course Code				
444 AClGt					
3. Semester / Year					
2nd semester/ 4th	year				
4. Description Prepa	ration Date:				
9-2025					
5. Attendance					
on campus					
6. Number of Credi	t Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)				
2 hours theoretic	al + 2 hours practical (60) / 3 units				
7. Course administr	ator's name (if more than one name)				
Theory:					
Name: Assistant Lect	urer Elham Mahmood				
Email: <u>elham.mahmo</u>	ood@bcms.edu.iq				
Practical:					
Name: Assistant Lect	urer Muhee Nima				
Email: <u>muhee.nimma</u>	.salman@bcms.edu.iq				
8. Course Objective	S				
Course Objectives	1) Explain the concepts and materials of toxicology				
	2) Explain the mechanism of poisoning				
	3) Explain signs and symptoms				
	4) Management and chelating used				
	5) determine how toxic agents are classified,				
	6) Exposure characteristics (route, location, duration and frequency				
9. Teaching and L	earning Strategies				
Strategy	Distinguish common concepts in toxicology				
	Encourage students to understand the mechanism of toxicity				





- Help students diagnose the material and condition
- .Carrying out first aid to patients
- Determine how toxic agents are classified.

10. Course Structure

weeks	Hours	Required Learning	Chapter/Unit	Learning method	Evaluation
		Outcomes			method
1	1	Understand the toxicity of	Havey metals	Lectures and	Daily exams
		,heavy elements		practical	and tests
				experiences	
2	1	Carcinogenic chemicals	Chemical	Lectures and	Daily exams
		and their toxicity	Carcinogenesis	practical	and in-person
		mechanism		experiences	tests
3	1	Nervous system	CNS toxicity	Lectures and	Daily exams
		poisoning		practical	and in-person
				experiences	tests
4	1	Clarification of immune	Immune toxicity	Lectures and	Daily exams
		system intoxication		practical	and in-person
				experiences	tests
5	1	Clarification of blood	Blood toxicity	Lectures and	Daily exams
		toxicity		practical	and in-person
				experiences	tests
6	1	Understand and explain	Introduction to	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		toxicology and how to	toxicology Evaluation	practical	and in-person
		assess the patient's	of poisoned patients	experiences	tests
		condition			
7	1	Absorption and spread of	Absorption and	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		toxic substances through	distribution of	practical	and in-person
		the intestines and skin	toxicants through skin	experiences	tests
		and clarify their effects	and GIT		





8	1	The role of the pharmacist	The role of	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		inToxicology centers	pharmacists in	practical	and in-person
			Toxicology centers	experiences	tests
9	1	Carcinogens that affect	Classes of genotoxic	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		genes and their toxicity	carcinogens	practical	and in-person
			3	experiences	tests
10	1	Explanation and	Specific	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		clarification of the toxicity	nephrotoxicant	practical	and in-person
		of nephron in the kidneys	'	experiences	tests
11	1	explain the distribution	distribution and	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		and elimination of toxic	elimination	practical	and in-person
		,substances by the body		experiences	tests
12	1	Clarify liver and kidney	toxic response of	Lectures and -	Daily exams
		toxicity	kidney toxic response	practical	and in-person
			of liver	experiences	tests

11. Course Evaluation

20 Marks Lab Practical

20 theoretical grades including midterm exam, quizzes and attendance

60 Final Exam Marks

12. Learning and Teaching Resources Required textbooks (curricular books, if any) Casarette and Doulls toxicology 8th edition Main references (sources) Casarette and Doull, Toxicology, the Basic Science of Poisons; Fourth edition. (2021) Recommended books and references (scientific journals, reports...) Electronic references, websites





1. Course Name:

Industrial Pharmacy I

2. Course Code:

445 Phlp1

3. Semester / Year:

2nd Semester/4th year

4. Description Preparation Date:

9-2025

5. Available Attendance Forms:

In-Campus

6. Number of Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Total)

3 hours Theoretical + 2 hours Practical (75) /4 units

7. Course administrator's name

Theory:

Name: Professor Dr. Alaa Abdul Hussein Email: alaa.abdulhussein@bcms.edu.iq

Practical:

Name: Assistant Lecturer Ahmed Abdulameer Email: ahmed_abdulameer.abed@bcms.edu.iq

8. Course Objectives

Course Objectives

The course introduces the essential unit operations used in the manufacture of pharmaceutical products. Unit operations including blending, milling, drying, clarification and sterilization will be addressed.

Students learn to recognize how the output of one process is the input to the next process, and how deviations can cascade along the production sequence until they cause process failures.

The course emphasizes design, scale-up, troubleshooting, and optimization of pharmaceutical unit operations.

9. Teaching and Learning Strategies





Strategy	Lecturing Homework Quiz
	Practical laboratory demonstrations, oral exam and practical tests

10. Course Structure

10. Cou	urse Struct	ure			
Week	Hours	Required Learning	Unit or subject name	Learning	Evaluation
		Outcomes		method	method
1	3+2	Introduction to the	Principles of	Theoretical	
		pharmaceutical process	pharmaceutical	lectures.	
		Introduction in	processing	Laboratory	Paper-based
		industrial pharmacy		experiments	exams
		and pre-formulation			
2	3+2	Principles and	Fluid mixing.	Theoretical	
		importance of fluid	Flow characteristics;	lectures.	
		mixing in	mechanisms of mixing;	Laboratory	Paper-based
		pharmaceutical	mixing equipment	demonstration.	exams
		manufacturing			
3	3+2	Understanding the	Solid mixing theory and	Theoretical	
		parameters that control	particulate solid	lectures.	Paper-based
		solid mixing process	variables; forces and	Laboratory	exams
			mechanisms	demonstration.	
4	3+2	Introduction into	Milling; pharmaceutical	Theoretical	
		milling as a main	application; size	lectures.	Paper-based
		pharmaceutical unit	measurement methods;	Laboratory	exams
		operation	theory and energy of	demonstration.	
			comminution		
5	3+2	Describing the main	Types of mills; factors	Theoretical	
		equipment; Discussing	influencing milling;	lectures.	Paper-based
		the main parameters	selection of mill	Laboratory	exams
		that control this process	techniques;	experiments.	





OE UP IN	
6 3+2 Introduction into drying Drying: definition Theoretical	
as a main purpose lectures. Paper-b	ased
pharmaceutical unit Psychrometry (humidity Laboratory exams	
operation measurement) demonstration.	
7 3+2 Understanding the theory of drying of Theoretical	
main theory of drying; solids, classification of lectures.	
Describing the main dryer specialized drying Paper-b	ased
equipment; Discussing methods Laboratory exams	
the main demonstration.	
parameters that control	
this process	
8 Mid-term exam	
9 3+2 Introduction into Clarification and Theoretical	
clarification as a main filtration: Theory filter lectures. Paper-b	ased
pharmaceutical unit media Laboratory exams	
operation filter aids demonstration.	
10 3+2 Describing the main filter selection sterile Theoretical Paper-b	ased
equipment; Discussing operations integrity lectures. exams	
the main testing	
parameters that control equipment and systems	
this process, addressing (commercial and Laboratory	
the essential needed laboratory) demonstration.	
tests for evaluating the	
filtration process.	
filtration process. 11 3+2 Introduction into Sterilization; validation Theoretical	
·	ased
11 3+2 Introduction into Sterilization; validation Theoretical	ased
11 3+2 Introduction into Sterilization; validation Theoretical sterilization as an methods; microbial lectures. Paper-b	ased





12	3+2	Investigating the	methods of sterilization	Theoretical	
		different sterilization	(thermal and non-	lectures.	Paper-based
		methods	thermal mechanisms;	Laboratory	exams
			evaluation	demonstration.	
13	3+2	Comprehending the	Pharmaceutical dosage	Theoretical	
		main properties and	forms; sterile products	lectures.	Paper-based
		requirements of sterile		Laboratory	exams
		products		demonstration.	
14	3+2	Understanding the	development;	Theoretical	
		formulation	formulation; production;	lectures.	Paper-based
		requirements and	processing; quality	Laboratory	exams
		quality control testing	control	demonstration.	
		of sterile products			
15	Course Review				
10. Co	urse Evalı	uation			

20 M Theoretical assessment.

(paper-based mid-term exam + quiz + attendance)

20 M practical assessment (attendance + quiz + practice+ reports)

60 M paper-based theoretical final exam

100 M total

11. Learning and Teaching Resources

3 3	
Required textbooks	Lachman L., Liberman H. and Kanig J.;
	The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy; Third Edition
Main references (sources)	Lachman L., Liberman L. and Schwartz J. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms:
	Tablets; Second Edition : Volume I.
Electronic References,	
Websites	





1. (1. Course Name						
Co	Communication skills						
2. Co	2. Course Code						
44	446 ACICs						
3. Se	3. Semester/Year						
2n	2nd semester/ 4th year						
4. De	4. Description Preparation Date :						
9-	9-2025						
5. Av	ailable At	tendance Forms					
Oı	n campus						
6. Ni	umber of	Credit Hours (Total) / Number of Units (Tot	al)				
Τν	vo theore	tical hours (30) / two units					
7. Co	ourse adm	inistrator's name (if more than one name)					
Na	Name: Professor Dr. Haydar Al-Tukmagi						
En	nail: <u>Tukm</u>	agi@bcms.edu.iq					
8. (Course Ob	jectives					
Communication skills are one of the tasks of pharmacy care practice and aims to de				s to develop a			
		traditional relationship between pharmacists and patients, where information is exchanged,					
Course O	bjectives	maintained and used to improve patient care during appropriate drug therapy. This course					
		aims to provide the pharmacist with better patient care, focusing on the communication					
		skills needed to build the type of relationship that leads to improved therapeutic outcomes.					
9. Teaching and Learning Strategies							
		Lectures					
		Seminars					
Strategy		Simple quizzes					
		Brainstorming questions					
		Real-time discussions during lectures					
10. Cou	urse Struc	ture					
Weeks	Hours	Paguired Learning Outres	Unit or subject	Learning	Evaluation		
		Required Learning Outcomes	name	method	method		





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2	1	1- Pharmacists' responsibility in patient	Patient-Centered	Lectures	Exams
		care	Communication	Discussions	Daily
		2. The importance of communication in	in Pharmacy		
		meeting the responsibilities of caring for	Practice		
		your patients			
		2-What is patient-centered care?			
		4. Understand the use of the drug from			
		the patient's point of view			
		5. Encourage a more active role for the			
		patient in therapeutic monitoring			
		6. Patient-centric view of the medication			
		use process			
		1. Components of the interpersonal	Principles and	Lectures	Exams
		communication model	elements of	Discussions	Daily
		2. Personal responsibilities in the	interpersonal		
2		contact form	communication		
		3. Find the meaning of the message			
		4. The importance of perception in			
		communication			
		1. Nonverbal vs. verbal communication	Type of non-	Lectures	Exams
		2. Elements of non-verbal	verbal	Discussions	Daily
		communication	communication.		
3		3- Distracting non-verbal			
		communication			
		4. Detecting non-verbal cues in others			
		5. Dealing with sensitive issues			
		6. Overcoming non-verbal distractions			
		1- Environmental barriers	Communication	Lectures	Exams
4		2- Personal barriers	barriers	Discussions	Daily
		3. Administrative constraints			
		4. Time Barriers			
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1- Good listening 2. Empathic response 3. Attitudes Behind Empathy 4. Non-verbal aspects of empathy 5. Problems in establishing assistive relationships 1. Definition of packages 2- Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and Colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior change	OE OF MO				-
3. Attitudes Behind Empathy 4. Non-verbal aspects of empathy 5. Problems in establishing assistive relationships 1. Definition of packages 2- Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		1- Good listening	Listening and	Lectures	Exams
4. Non-verbal aspects of empathy 5. Problems in establishing assistive relationships 1. Definition of packages 2- Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		2. Empathic response	empathic	Discussions	Daily
5. Problems in establishing assistive relationships 1. Definition of packages 2. Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6. Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8. Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2. Interview as a process 3Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6. Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques to facilitate behavior 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior	5	3. Attitudes Behind Empathy	response while		
relationships 1. Definition of packages 2- Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and colleagues 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		4. Non-verbal aspects of empathy	communicating.		
1. Definition of packages 2. Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2. Interview as a process 3. Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		5. Problems in establishing assistive			
2- Theoretical foundations 3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		relationships			
3. Packing Techniques 4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		1. Definition of packages	Emphasis and	Lectures	Exams
4. Firmness and patience 5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		2- Theoretical foundations	firmness	Discussions	Daily
5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interview and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		3. Packing Techniques			
5. Packages and other healthcare professionals 6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to manage medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		4. Firmness and patience			
6- Firmness and personnel 7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior	6	5. Packages and other healthcare			
7. Assertiveness and Employers 8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		professionals			
8- Assertiveness and colleagues 1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		6- Firmness and personnel			
1. Effective Interview Components 2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior 1. Exams Discussions Daily Exams Discussions Daily		7. Assertiveness and Employers			
2- Interview as a process 3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		8- Assertiveness and colleagues			
3-Interview in pharmacy practice 4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		1. Effective Interview Components	Interview &	Lectures	Exams
4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		2- Interview as a process	Evaluation	Discussions	Daily
4. Conducting interviews and results reported by the patient 5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to manage medication 2. Techniques to improve patient regimens 8 understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		3-Interview in pharmacy practice			
5. Documenting interview information 6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior	7	4. Conducting interviews and results			
6- Meet him using the phone 1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		reported by the patient			
1. Misconceptions about the patient's understanding and adherence to medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		5. Documenting interview information			
understanding and adherence to manage therapeutic regimens 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		6- Meet him using the phone			
medication 2. Techniques to improve patient understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		1. Misconceptions about the patient's	Helping patients	Lectures	Exams
2. Techniques to improve patient regimens understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		understanding and adherence to	manage	Discussions	Daily
understanding 3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		medication	therapeutic		
3. Techniques for establishing new behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		2. Techniques to improve patient	regimens		
behaviors 4. Techniques to facilitate behavior	8	understanding			
4. Techniques to facilitate behavior		3. Techniques for establishing new			
		behaviors			
change		4. Techniques to facilitate behavior			
		change			





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	5- Theoretical foundations supporting			
	behavior change			
	6- Apply the principles and strategies of			
	the motivational interview			
	An essential element in providing	Patient guidance;	Lectures	Exams
	effective patient counseling and how to	consultation	Discussions	Daily
	provide this counseling	checklist; point-		
9		by-point		
		discussion.		
		Consultation		
		scenario		
	1-Introduction to Drug Safety Issues	Drug safety and	Lectures	Exams
	2. Types of errors: possible causes and	communication	Discussions	Daily
10	possible solutions	skills.		
	3. General strategies to enhance patient			
	safety when errors occur			
	Communicate with	Strategies to	Lectures	Exams
	A- Senior Housing	meet specific	Discussions	Daily
	B- Weak connector	needs.		
	C- Patients with disabilities			
	D. Terminally ill patients			
11	E HIV or AIDS patients			
	F. Patients with mental health problems			
	G- Suicidal patients			
	H-Patients with Reduced Health			
	Knowledge			
	I. Cultural competence			
	J-Carers			
	1- The need to educate children and	Communicating	Lectures	Exams
12	their parents about medicines	with children	Discussions	Daily
	2- The importance of using a patient-	and the elderly		
	centered interaction method			





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	3- Understand the level of cognitive	about		
	development of the child	medications		
	4. General principles for communicating			
	with children, infants and pre-school			
	children and empowering them			
	6. School-age children and adolescents			
	1- Pharmacist roles in cooperative drug	Interprofessional	Lectures	Exams
	therapy	communication	Discussions	Daily
	management	and		
	2. Barriers and facilitators to	collaboration		
	collaborative partnerships	skills		
	3. Initial steps to develop cooperative			
13	arrangements			
	4. Building Trust: The Cornerstone of			
	Successful Collaborative Arrangements			
	5. Use communication skills to enhance			
	collaboration			
	Relations			
	6.Six critical behaviors within			
	collaborative partnerships			
	1- Use the Internet	Electronic		Exams
	2. Use email in the community	communication		Daily
	3. Patient Use - Electronic	in healthcare.		
	Communication Service Provider			
14	4- Professional use of electronic			
	communications			
	5. Patient Privacy and System Security			
	Issues			
	6. Responsibilities and therapeutic			
	relationships			





				-	
	7- Establishing pharmaceutical care				
	services using electronic means of				
	communication				
	8. Create email message management				
	This topic explains:	Ethical behavior	Lectures	Exams	
	1. Definitions	when	Discussions	Daily	
	2- The occurrence of non-compliance	communicating			
	and lack of health awareness	with patients			
	3- Consequences of non-compliance				
	and lack of health awareness				
15	4- Reasons for non-compliance with				
	medicines and lack of health awareness				
	5- Measuring adherence to medicines				
	and health awareness				
	6- Techniques to help patients improve				
	medication adherence and increase				
	health awareness				
11 Course Evaluation					

11. Course Evaluation

25 midterm exams + 5 seminars + 70 final exams

12. Learning and Teaching Resources

Required textbooks (curricular books, if any)	Communication Skills in Pharmacy Practice	
	A Handbook for Teaching Courses in Pharmacy	
Main references (sources)	Communications.	
,Recommended books and references (scientific journals	Skills for Communicating with Patients.	
(reports	Ç	
Electronic References, Websites	Review Articles	