

Fourth stage		
1 st semester	Lecture title	hours
Title of the course: <i>Pharmacology</i> II Course number: 411 Level: 4 th Class, 1 st Semester Credit hours/week: Theory 3 Laboratory 1 Reference text: <i>Lipincott Pharmacology 3rd Edition, 2006</i> Objectives: To introduce the pharmacy students to the general pharmacology of the central nervous system and to the various drug groups used in the treatment of CNS diseases or drugs altering its function. The student will be introduced to the various drugs used in the management of cardiovascular diseases. Moreover the course will cover the drugs affecting the gastrointestinal and respiratory systems.		
	Introduction to CNS pharmacology. CNS stimulants.	2
	Anxiolytic and Hypnotic drugs.	3
	General and Local Anesthetics.	3
	Antidepressant drugs.	3
	Antipsychotic (neuroleptic) drugs.	3
	Opioid analgesics and antagonists.	3
	Treatment of neurodegenerative diseases.	3
	Antiepileptic Drugs.	2
Pharmacology II	Diuretics.	2
	The treatment of heart failure (HF).	2
	Antiarrhythmic drugs.	2
	Antianginal Drugs.	2
	Antihypertensive drugs.	3
	Drugs affecting the blood.	3
	Antihyperlipidemic drugs.	2
	Gastrointestinal and antiemetic drugs.	2
	Drugs acting on the respiratory system.	3



Title of the course: <i>Organi</i> Level: 4 th Class, 1 st Semes	ter Course number: 412	
	ry 3 Laboratory 1 d Gisvold Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Remers WA, (Eds.); 10 th ed., 2004.	
translating the drug stru	ent of new agents for The course is devoted to the : Objectives ctural formula into therapeutic treating diseases, and enables nally, it focuses on the methods of preparation for some effect.	
	Cholinergic agents, cholinergic receptors and their subtypes.	3
	Cholinergic agonists; stereochemistry and structure-activity relationships (SAR); products; cholinesterase inhibitors.	5
	Cholinergic blocking agent; structure-activity relationships (SAR); Solanaceous alkaloid and analogues; synthetic cholinergic blocking agents and products; ganglionic blocking agents (neuromuscular blocking agents).	5
	Analgesic agents (SAR of morphine, SAR of meperidine type molecules; SAR of methadone type compounds; N-methylbezomorphans, antagonist type analgesics in benzomorphans).	5
	Analgesic receptors, endogenous opioids; Products; Antitusive agents; Anti-inflammatory analgesics.	5
	Adrenergic agents (Adrenergic neurotransmitters); Adrenergic receptors; Drugs affecting Adrenergic neurotransmission; Sympathomimetic agents; Adrenergic receptor antagonists.	8
organic pharmaceutical chemistry II	CNS depressant; Benzodiazepines and related compounds; Barbiturates; CNS depressant with skeletal muscle relaxant properties; Antipsycotics; Anticonvulsants.	7
	CNS Stimulants	3
	Steroidal & nonsteroidal hormones	4
	Title of the course: Clinical Pharmacy I Level: 4 th Class, 1 st Semester	
Credit hours/week: Theory 2 lab:- 1 Reference Text: ALISON BLENKINSOPP, PAUL PAXTON(eds), Symptoms in the Pharmacy. A Guide to the Management of Common Illness, 6 th edition.		
Lor waterfield, Community Pharmacy Hand Book, 5 th edition		
	Introduction to community pharmacy.	1



Respiratory problems: Cough, Common cold, allergic rhinitis, Otitis media, Laryngitis & Pharyngitis	3
G.I.T problemse: Diarrhea, Constipation, Heart burn and indigestion, IBS and Hemorrhoids	4
Pediatric care practice: Oral thrush, pinworms and head lice	2
Skin conditions: Acne, Scabies, Psoriasis, Hair loss, Fungal infection, Eczema and Dermatitis, Dandruff, Cold sore, Corns and Callus.	
Women's health care: Cystitis and vaginal thrush, primary dysmenorrhea and Premenstrual syndrome.	2
CNS related problems: Headache, Insomnia, Motion sickness, Nausea and vomiting	
- Eye problems	1
ENT problems	1
Oral hygiene, mouth ulcer	1
Obesity and body weight control.	1
- Pain and musculoskeletal disorders	1
Nicotine replacement therapy (NRT).	
Dietary supplements	
An update in reclassification of OTC drugs (simvastatin, Tamusotisin & azithromycin).	2
Medication adherence and errors.	

Title of the course: *Biopharmaceutics* Course number: **414**

Level: 4th Class, 1st Semester

Clinical Pharmacy1

Credit hours/week: Theory 2 Laboratory 1

Reference text: Shargel L, Yu AB, (Eds.), Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics.

<u>Objectives</u>: The coarse deals with the physical and chemical properties of drug substance, dosage form and the biological effectiveness of the drug or drug product upon administration, including drug availability in the human or animal body from a given dosage form. The pharmacokinetic part of the coarse deals with the time-coarse of the drug in the biological system, and quantification of drug concentration pattern in normal subjects and in certain disease states.

	Introduction to biopharmaceutics.	2
Biopharmaceutics	Biopharmaceutic aspects of products; drug absorption; mechanisms of absorption; physicochemical factors; dissolution rate; effects of excipients; type of dosage forms.	6
	One compartment open model.	2



	Multicompartment models.	2
	Watteenipartitent models.	_
	Pharmacokinetics of drug absorption.	2
	Bioavailability and bioequivalence.	2
	Clearance of drugs from the biological systems.	2
	Hepatic elimination of drugs.	2
	Protein binding of drugs.	2
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	Intravenous infusion	2
	No. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	0
	Multiple dosage regimens.	2
	Non-linear pharmacokinetics.	2
	Non-imear pharmacokinetics.	2
	Dosage adjustment in renal diseases.	2
	Dosage adjustment in Tenar diseases.	_
Title of the course: Public	Health Course number: 415	
Level: 4 th Class, 1 st Semes		
Credit hours/week : Theor		
	Gilles HM, (Eds), Short Textbook of Public Health Medicine for	
the Tropic, (4th Ed), 2003.		
Objectives : This course en	nables the students to understand the principles of public health and	
	se, promoting health and prolonging life, through organized effort of	
society.		
	Introduction: The scope and concerns of public health, health care	1
	system in Iraq	
	Measuring, Monitoring, and Evaluating the Health of a Population	1
	Population screening and public health	1
	- opening and paone neum	1
	Prevention and control of non-communicable diseases	1
	Principles of infectious disease control	1
	National immunization plan of Iraq.	
	radonal minumzation plan of haq.	1



Communicable diseases (infections through the gastro-intestinal 1 tract, Infections through skin and mucous membranes, Infections **Public Health** through the respiratory tract) Prevention and control of public health hazards (Tobacco, alcohol, 1 Public health aspects of illicit psychoactive drug use) Major health problems (Obesity, Physical activity and health, Public 2 mental health and suicide, Dental public health, Sexually transmitted infections, Chronic hepatitis and other liver disease, Tuberculosis Nutritional disorders 1 Family health 1 Environmental health 1 Occupational health 1 Travel health 1 Introduction: a historic background of pharmacy practice. 1 2 Pharmacy Practice and the health care system Health promotion in community pharmacy 1 Introduction to Pharmaceutical care 1 Pharmaceutical care planning 2 Community pharmacy management 1 Hospital pharmacy service. 1 Biosafety in pharmacy practice 2 Formulary management and Regulatory affairs 2 Rational Use of Drugs 2 **English language**



2 ^{na} semester	Lecture title	hours
Title of the course: Com	nunication Skills Course number: 215	
Level: 4th Class, 2st Ser	nester	
Credit hours: Theory 2		
Reference text: 1-Robert	S. Beardsley, (ed.); Communication Skills in Pharmacy Practice.	
develop a conventional re exchanged, hold in confid	ion skill is one of the missions of pharmacy care practice, aims to lationship between pharmacist and patients, in which information is lence and used to optimize patient care through appropriate drug rended to pharmacist provide better care to patients, and focus on essary to	
	Principles and Elements of Interpersonal Communication	2
Communication Skills	Nonverbal type of communication.	2
	Barriers to communication.	2
	Listening and empathic responding during communication.	2
	Assertiveness.	2
	Interviewing and assessment.	2
	Helping patients to manage therapeutic regimens.	2
	Patient counseling; counseling check list; point-by-point discussion; counseling scenario.	2
	Medication safety and communication skills.	2
	Strategies to meet specific needs.	2
	Communicating with children and elderly about medications.	2
	Communication skills and inter-professional collaboration.	2
	Electronic communication in healthcare.	2
	Ethical behavior when communicating with patients.	2



	Travel health	1
	Health insurance	1
Department of Pharmac Title of the course: <i>Pharm</i>	ology and Toxicology nacology III Course number: 426	
Level: 4 rd Class, 2 nd Seme	ester	
Credit hours/week: Theor	ry 2 hours	
Reference text: Lipincott	Pharmacology 3 rd Edition, 2006	
systems and their use in course will cover the drug	the pharmacy students to various drug groups affecting endocrine orrecting abnormalities in the endocrine functions. Moreover the is used in the management of neoplastic diseases, bone disorders, anction. Inflammatory agents and the anti-inflammatory drugs will s course.	
	Hormones of the pituitary and thyroid glands.	3
	Insulin and oral hypoglycemic drugs.	4
	Adreno-corticosteroids.	3
	The gonadal hormones and inhibitors.	3
	Autacoids and autacoid antagonists	3
Pharmacology III	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and other anti-inflammatory agents.	3
	Drugs used in erectile dysfunction.	2
	Drugs used in osteoporosis.	2
	Drugs used in the management of obesity.	2
	Cancer Chemotherapy: Anticancer drugs and immunosuppressants.	5



	ic Pharmaceutical Chemistry III Course number: 427	
Level: 4 th Class, 2 nd Semes		
Credit hours/week: Theor Reference text: Wilson an	ry 3 Laboratory 1 d Gisvold Textbook of Organic Medicinal and	
	y; Delgado JN, Remers WA, (Eds.); 10 th ed., 2004.	
Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry III	β-Lactam antibiotics (Penicillins); β-Lactamase inhibitors; Cephalosporins and Monobactams.	9
	Aminoglycosides and Chloramphenicol; Tetracylines; Macrolides; Lincomycins and Polypeptides; Antiviral agents (properties of viruses, viral classification, products).	9
	Sulfonamides (chemistry, nomenclature, mechanism of action, resistance, toxicity, side effects, metabolism, protein binding, distribution and SAR); products; Sulfones.	4
	Anti-neoplastic agents: Alkylating agents; Antimetabolites; Antibiotics; Plant products; Miscellaneous compounds.	17
	Hormones and related compounds; Future anti-neoplastic agents; Monoclonal antibodies; Gene therapy of cancer.	6
Title of the course: Clinical Pharmacy II		
Level: 4 th Class, 2 nd Semester		
hours/week: Theory 2 hou	ars Lab 1	
Reference Text: Roger Wa	alker, Clive Edwards (eds), Clinical Pharmacy & Therapeutics	
Clinical Pharmacy II	Introduction to the concept of clinical pharmacy- its activities and professional responsibilities.(including current state of clinical pharmacy in Iraq).	1
	overview of pharmaceutical care practice (the patient care process).	1
	Hematologic disorders: Anemia and sickle cell disease.	2
	Hypertension.	2
	Ischemic heart diseases	2
	Heart failure.	2
	Peripheral vascular diseases.	1
	- Asthma.	2
	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).	1
	Diabetes mellitus & Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA).	2
	Peptic ulcer disease.	2
	Tuberculosis	1



	Infective meningitis	1
	Respiratory tract infections	2
	GIT infections	1
	Gout and hyperuricemia	1
	Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) and osteoarthritis (OA)	2
	Osteoporosis and other metabolic bone disease.	1
	Infectious Endocarditis	1
	Surgical antibiotic prophylaxis	1
	Urinary tract infection (UTI)	1
Title of the course: <i>Genero</i> Level: 4 th Class, 2 nd Semes	al Toxicology Course number: 429	
Credit hours/week : Theor	ry 2 Laboratory 1	
Reference text: Casarett and Doull, Toxicology, the Basic Science of Poisons; latest edition.		
Objectives: To study the principle of exposure to different chemicals and environmental factors, their sources, mechanisms of toxicity and their risk to human being; it enables students to understand the required measures to protect living organisms against the suspected toxic hazards.		
	Introduction: general consideration; host factor, environmental factors of toxic effects.	3
General Toxicology	Carcinogenesis.	3
	Mutagenesis:	1
	Target organs and systemic toxicology; Respiratory system, Liver, Kidney, Skin, Nervous system, cardiovascular system, Blood.	16
	Toxic substances: Food additive and contaminants, Pesticides, Metals, Radiation and radio active materials, plants, Solvents,	15
	Environmental toxicology: Air pollution, water and soil pollutants, Gases (Tear gas, Pepper spray), CO, Cyanide(H2S).	7



Title of the course: <i>Indust</i> : Level: 4 th Class, 2 nd Semes	rial Pharmacy I Course number: 4210	
Credit hours/week: Theor		
Reference text: The Theor Lachman et al.	y and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Leon	
Objectives: The subject air which the preformulation provided the preformulation provided the preformulation provided the preformation of the preformulation provided the preformation of	m to teach pharmacy students the steps and lines upon processing of pharmaceutical dosage forms. This e the required principles to integrate knowledge of cy in preformulation of perfect dosage form. It includes d filtration, besides sterilization to achieve a proper s.	
Industrial Pharmacy I	Principles of pharmaceutical processing; mixing; fluid mixing; flow characteristics; mechanisms of mixing; mixing equipments; batch and continuous mixing; mixer selection; solid mixing theory and particulate solid variables; forces and mechanisms.	7
	Milling; pharmaceutical application; size measurement methods; Theory and energy of commenution; types of mills; factors influencing milling; selection of mill techniques; specialized drying methods.	7
	Drying: definition; purpose; humidity measurement; theory of drying; drying of solids, and classification of dryer; specialized drying methods.	7
	Clarification and filtration: Theory; filter media; filter aids; selection of drying method; non-sterile and sterile operations; integrity testing; equipments and systems (commercial and laboratory).	7
	Sterilization; validation of methods; microbial death kinetics; Methods of sterilization (thermal and non-thermal); mechanisms; evaluation.	7
	Pharmaceutical dosage form design; pre-formulation; preliminary evaluation; bulk characterization; solubility and stability analysis.	3
	Pharmaceutical dosage forms; sterile products; development; formulation; production; processing; quality control.	7

